SITE DATA

OWNER/DEVELOPER

MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK ASSOCIATION, INC 4461 COX ROAD SUITE 110 GLEN ALLEN, VA 23060 PHONE: (804) 908-0118 CONTACT: GEORGE HAMBLETON

ENGINEER

YOUNGBLOOD, TYLER & ASSOCIATES, P.C. 7309 HANOVER GREEN DRIVE P.O. BOX 517 MECHANICSVILLE, VA 2311 PHONE: (804) 746-5285 FAX: (804) 730-7624

MICHAEL L. PARRISH & ASSOCIATES INC. 2700 COURTHOUSE CIRCLE GOOCHLAND, VA 23063 PHONE: (804) 556-3900 EMAIL: mlpsurvey@aol.com CONTACT: MIKE PARRISH

ENVIRO-UTILITIES P.O. BOX 73133 RICHMOND, VA 23235

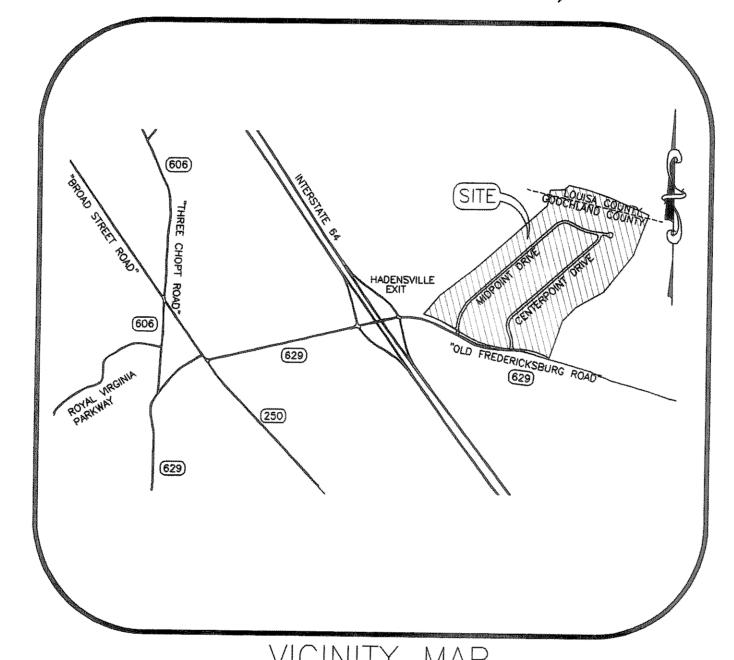
SHEET INDEX

TITLE SHEET OVERALL PLAN STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN BMP#1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN BMP#1 NOTES & DETAILS NOTES & DETAILS

MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK

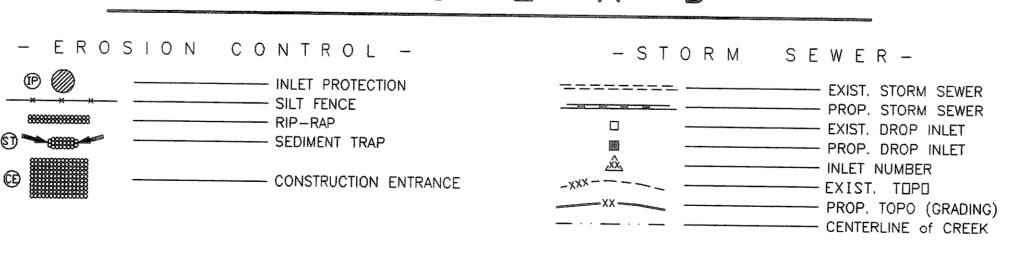
LAND DISTURBANCE & STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN

> BYRD DISTRICT GOOCHLAND COUNTY, VIRGINIA



VICINITY MAP SCALE: 1"= 2000'

LEGEND

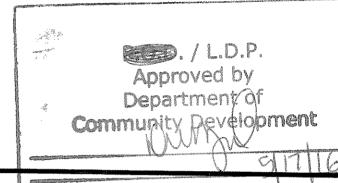


ORIGINAL SUBMITTAL DATE:

APRIL 15, 2009

REVISION DATES:

JULY 22, 2009 OCTOBER 21, 2009 MAY 10, 2012 APRIL 21, 2015 JUNE 8, 2015 NOV. 5, 2015 MARCH 23, 2016



Approval expires one year after date signed

SITE STATISTICS

TAX MAP # ---- (SEE CHART BELOW) TOTAL AREA ----- 197.75 AC. GPIN # _____ (SEE CHART BELOW)

MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LOT INFORMATION

LOT#	LOTOWNER	GPIN#	TAX MAP #	ZONING
1	ANDREWS JOSEPH JR & PHOEBE C	6833-31-9604	The second of th	M-1
2	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-41-0948		M-1
3	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-42-3204		M-2
4	HALEY & HARRELL LLC	6833-42-5570	6-13-0-4-0	M-2
5	D M LEASING LLC	6833-42-8715	6-13-0-5-0	M-2
6	ANDREWS JOSEPH JR & PHOEBE C	6833-52-0917	6-13-0-6-0	M-2
7	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-53-2231	6-13-0-7-0	M-2
ACCESS AREA	GORDON & GORDON LLC	6833-53-3397	6-13-0-C-0	M-2
8	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-53-5532	6-13-0-8-0	M-2
9	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-53-7745	6-13-0-9-0	M-2
10	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-54-9073	6-13-0-10-0	M-2
11	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-64-3091	6-13-0-11-0	M-2
12	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-63-8943	6-13-0-12-0	M-2
13	B & G VENTURES LLC	6833-73-3916	6-13-0-13-0	M-2
14	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-73-7758	6-13-0-14-0	M-2
15	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-73-3304	6-13-0-15-0	M-2
16	Goochland County	6833-73-0067	6-13-0-16-0	M-2
17	Goochland County	6833-62-8882	6-13-0-17-0	M-2
18	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-62-6680	6-13-0-18-0	M-2
19	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-62-3398	6-13-0-19-0	M-2
20	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-62-1151	6-13-0-20-0	M-2
21	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-51-9930	6-13-0-21-0	M-2
22	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-61-0372	6-13-0-22-0	M-1
23	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-51-7325	6-13-0-23-0	M-1
24	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-51-5625	6-13-0-24-0	M-2
25	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-51-1228	6-13-0-25-0	M-1
26	AEI HOLDINGS LLC	6833-51-0548	6-13-0-26-0	M-1
27	Goochland County	6833-51-0813	6-13-0-27-0	M-2
28	Goochland County	6833-52-2045	6-13-0-28-0	M-2
29	Goochland County	6833-52-4246	6-13-0-29-0	M-2
30	Goochland County	6833-52-6458	6-13-0-30-0	M-2
31	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-52-8750	6-13-0-31-0	M-2
32	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-62-0839	6-13-0-32-0	
33	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-63-2007	6-13-0-33-0	M-2 M-2
34	MIDDLESEX BOTTLED GAS INC	6833-63-4208	6-13-0-34-0	M-2
35	Gordon & Gordon LLC	6833-63-6540	6-13-0-35-0	M-2
36	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-63-1587	6-13-0-36-0	M-2
37	CURTIS W TODD JR & SHERRI L	6833-53-9332	6-13-0-37-0	M-2
38	HAMBLETON PROPERTIES LLC	6833-53-7164	6-13-0-38-0	M-2
39	HAMBLETON PROPERTIES LLC	6833-52-5984	6-13-0-39-0	M-2
7	HAMBLETON PROPERTIES LLC	6833-52-3772	6-13-0-40-0	M-2
	NORTHSTAR DEVELOPMENTS INC	6833-52-1445	6-13-0-41-0	M-2
3	NORTHSTAR DEVELOPMENTS INC	6833-42-8175	6-13-0-41-B	M-2
	NORTHSTAR DEVELOPMENTS INC	6833-42-8216	6-13-0-41-A2	M-2
	APT PROPERTIES LLC	6833-42-8262	6-13-0-41-A3	M-2
*	MID POINT INDUSTRIAL PARK LLC	6833-42-7014	6-13-0-43-0	M-2
	Goochland County	6833-41-4553	6-13-0-44-0	
VACUALCE	Carlo Con I allo	300574274333	~ 13-14-0	M-1

EX. POND LOT Gordon & Gordon LLC

J.N. 309-01-100

6833-41-7391 6-13-0-B-0 M-1

EMAIL: bbeavers@youngblood-tyler.com CONTACT: BONNIE BEAVERS

SURVEYOR

WETLANDS CONSULTANT

PHONE: (804) 796-3911

NOTES:

1. THIS PROJECT WAS PREVIOUSLY PERMITTED UNDER VPDES CGP (VAR10) PERMIT NUMBER VAR104426 AND IS SUBJECT TO THE PART IIC TECHNICAL CRITERIA. 2. ALL AFFECTED STREETS WILL BE CLEANED FREE OF DEBRIS AND SILT AT THE END OF EACH DAY,

EROSION CONTROL NARRATIVE THE PURPOSE OF THIS PLAN IS TO INSTALL A STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN TO MEET WATER QUALITY AND QUANTITY REQUIREMENTS FOR MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK. FOR LOTS NOT TREATED BY THE BMP PROPOSED ON THIS PLAN. STORMWATER MANAGEMENT WILL BE ADDRESSED AT THE TIME OF LOT DEVELOPMENT. 2.2 ACRES OF LAND DISTURBANCE IS NECESSARY TO INSTALL THE BMP PROPOSED WITH THIS PLAN. THE EXISTING MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK IS A 44-LOT INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN GOOCHLAND COUNTY. THE LOTS ARE ALL LARGER THAN TWO ACRES IN AREA AND AVERAGE JUST OVER FOUR ACRES. ALTHOUGH THE LOTS HAVE BEEN CREATED AND THE INFRASTRUCTURE TO SERVE THEM CONSTRUCTED, MOST OF THE INDIVIDUAL LOTS HAVE NOT YET BEEN DEVELOPED AND ARE CURRENTLY VACANT. GENERALLY, THE SITE DRAINS TO A CREEK ALONG THE NORTHERN EDGE OF THE PROJECT. THERE IS A DRAINAGE DRAW ALONG THE EASTERN SIDE OF THE SITE THAT RUNS IN A NORTHERLY DIRECTION AND JOINS THE CREEK AT THE NORTHEASTERN CORNER OF THE SITE. THE CREEK CONTINUES TO FLOW AWAY FROM THE SITE IN AN EASTERLY DIRECTION. THERE IS A RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISION TO THE EAST OF THE PARK WHICH SHOULD NOT BE SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECTED BY THIS PLAN DUE TO THE 250' NATURAL BUFFER ADJACENT TO THAT DEVELOPMENT. NO OFF-SITE E=1 1635742.17 LAND DISTURBANCE IS ANTICIPATED WITH THIS PROJECT. THE SOILS MAP AND INFORMATION FOR THIS PROJECT IS SHOWN ON SHEET 6. THE SOILS ARE PREDOMINANTLY FINE SANDY LOAMS WITH MODERATE RUNOFF POTENTIAL. THE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE HAS RATED SOME SOILS ON-SITE AS A POOR SOURCE OF FILL MATERIAL. THE SOILS MAP ON SHEET 6 INDICATES THE LOCATION OF ALL SOILS ONSITE MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK SUMMARY OF LOTS TO HAVE STORMWATER TREATMENT BY THIS PLAN AND SHOWS THE FILL SOURCE RATING OF EACH, SOILS RATED POOR SHOULD NOT BE USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BMP EMBANKMENTS. THE BMP EMBANKMENTS SHOULD ONLY BE CONSTRUCTED WITH GOOD STRUCTURAL MATERIAL AND COMPACTED LOT# LOT AREA (Ac.) | ASSUMED IMPERVIOUS COVER (Ac.) | TO BE TREATED BY BMP # TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OBTAINED IN 6 INCH LIFTS TO 95% COMPACTION, CRITICAL AREAS TO BE MONITORED DURING CONSTRUCTION INCLUDE AREAS OF STEEP N=3834154.47 FROM GOOCHLAND COUNTY GIS SLOPES AND AREAS ADJACENT TO WETLANDS TO REMAIN. EROSION SHALL BE CONTROLLED BY INSTALLING SILT FENCE AND E=11638321.50 RIP-RAP WHERE SHOWN ON THE PLAN AS WELL AS SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE MINIMUM STANDARDS #1, 3, AND 5 2.61 LOUISA COUNTY 5.39 ACRES SHOWN ON SHEET 5. IF EROSION OCCURS DESPITE THESE MEASURES, ADDITIONAL MEASURES SHALL BE IMPLEMENTED WHICH MAY INCLUDE WIRE—BACKED SILT FENCE OR SOIL STABILIZATION MATTING. ONCE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BMP IS COMPLETE,
ALL DENUDED AREAS SHALL BE PERMANENTLY SEEDED. PROPOSED RIP—RAP WILL ALSO PREVENT EROSION IN AREAS OF
CONCENTRATED STORMWATER FLOWS. ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE 1 GOOCHLAND COUNTY 7.58 ACRES 2.18 8.11 ACRES VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL HANDBOOK. THE PROPOSED BMP HAS BEEN DESIGNED TO ADDRESS STORMWATER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS BY REMOVING POLLUTANTS FROM RUNOFF. IT HAS ALSO BEEN DESIGNED TO PREVENT CHANNEL EROSION BY DETAINING STORMWATER SO THAT THE 2-year post-development release rate is less than the pre-development 2-year runoff rate. It also has 1. ALL LOTS NOT LISTED IN TABLE SHALL MEET WATER QUALITY BEEN DESIGNED TO PREVENT DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL FLOODING BY DETAINING STORMWATER SO THAT THE 10-YEAR REQUIREMENTS BY SOME MEANS OTHER THAN THE BMP POST-DEVELOPMENT RELEASE RATE IS LESS THAN THE PRE-DEVELOPMENT 10-YEAR RUNOFF RATE. CALCULATIONS FOR PROPOSED WITH THIS PLAN. POLLUTANT REMOVAL AND STORMWATER DETENTION ARE SHOWN ON SHEETS 3 & 4 OF THIS PLAN. ALL TEMPORARY AND SITE PLAN SHOWN ON LOTS 41, 41B, 41A2, 41A3 PROVIDED BY HULCHER & ASSOCIATES, INC. PERMANENT EROSION CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSPECTED PERIODICALLY (AT LEAST WEEKLY) AND AFTER EACH RAINFALL 6.88 ACRES . SITE PLAN SHOWN ON LOTS 38-40 PROVIDED BY EVENT TO ENSURE THEIR INTEGRITY. ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS OR OTHER MEASURES SHALL BE MADE IN A TIMELY MANNER EXISTING VARIÁBLE WID KOONTZ-BRYANT P.C. BMP/ MAINTENANCE 12.08 ACRES TO PREVENT SEDIMENT DUE TO CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES FROM BEING RELEASED FROM THE SITE, INCLUDING ON ROADWAYS. - & ACCESS ÉASEMENT ROADS SHALL BE CLEANED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE MINIMUM STANDARD 17 SHOWN ON SHEET 5. INSTRUMENT No. 12-2068 TOPBE VACATED PHASE 1 SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION MIDPOINT PARCEL A 1. THE CONTRACTOR MUST SCHEDULE AN ON-SITE PRECONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE GOOCHLAND COUNTY \$2.85 ACRES ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR PRIOR TO THE ISSUANCE OF THE LAND DISTURBANCE PERMIT. THE CERTIFIED RESPONSIBLE LAND DISTURBER MUST BE IN ATTENDANCE. 2, CONTACT MISS UTILITIES AT LEAST 48 HOURS BEFORE BEGINNING WORK AND HAVE ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITIES MARKED. 2.85 ACRES 3.FLAG ALL WETLANDS TO REMAIN WITH NON-TEARABLE YELLOW & BLACK BARRICADE TAPE. 3\82 ACRES 4,CLEAR AND GRUB ONLY AS NEEDED TO INSTALL THE SILT FENCE SHOWN ON THIS PLAN. THROUGHOUT THE 2.94 ACRES CONSTRUCTION PROCESS, PROVIDE SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE MINIMUM STANDARDS 1, 3, AND 5. 6, CONTACT THE ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEER TO INSPECT ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES. THE INSPECTOR MUST APPROVE ALL MEASURES PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF PHASE 2 WORK. 6.12 ACRES 2.61 ACRES 2,18 ACRES PHASE 2 SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION 1, ONCE ALL PHASE 1 EROSION CONTROL MEASURES ARE IN PLACE AND HAVE BEEN APPROVED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL 3.21 ACRES INSPECTOR, CLEAR AND GRUB TO THE LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE SHOWN ON PLAN SHEETS. IF NECESSARY, INSTALL EXISTING 18" RCP ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES TO PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM LEAVING THE SITE. THROUGHOUT THE INV IN=373.88 -CONSTRUCTION PROCESS, PROVIDE SEEDING IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE MINIMUM STANDARDS 1, 3, AND 5 SHOWN ON HADENSVILLE ESTATES INV. OUT=372,34 2.18 ACRES MIDPOINT PARCEL B SUBDIVISION 2, GRADE PROPOSED BASIN AND INSTALL SPILLWAY AND OTHER, IMPROVEMENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH PLAN. _6.07 ACRES 3. REPAIR ANY DAMAGE FROM CONSTRUCTION WORK, INCLUDING DAMAGE FROM EROSION. UPON APPROVAL BY THE 2.75 ACRES ENVIRONMENTAL INSPECTOR, REMOVE REMAINING EROSION CONTROL DEVICES, RESTORE ANY STOCKPILE/STAGING AREAS TO 2.18 ACRES ORIGINAL GRADE, AND SEED ALL DENUDED AREAS. SHOULD SLOPES BECOME ERODED IN THE YEAR FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION, ADDITIONAL STABINIZATION MEASURES (REPAIR OR REPLACE SOIL STABILIZATION BLANKET, RESEED) SHALL 5.43 ACRES BE PROVIDED. LIMITS', OF ' PROPOSED SITE (TYPICAL) 2.61 ACRES PROPOSED 20' DRAINAGE EASEMENT (A LIMITS OF POST W/EX RIP-RAP 2.75 ACRES DEVELOPMENT DA (TYPICAL) 5.17 ACRES MIDPOINT PARCEL POST-DEVELOPMENT LIMITS OF DA TO BMP #1=17.2Acc - NON-TIDAL WETLANDS EXISTING 25'
CONSTRUCTION, DRAINAGE, EX. 16'/DRAINAC 2.61 ACRES 3.50 ACRES BMP #1 3.43 ACRES PROPOSED 30' AND VARIABLE WIDTH BMP #1 SITE AREA TO BE MAINTENANCE & ACCESS EASEMENT 2.61 ACRES BMP#4=23.0Ac. 5.41 ACRES 3.86 ACRES N=3831927.99 E=11633684,77 **OVERALL** EX. 25 CONSTRUCTION OF THE -3.65 ACRES 2.61 ACRES BMP PLAN DEEP WOODS SUBDIVISION EXISTING 20' - DRAINAGE EASEMENT (B) 2,79 ACRES DATE: APRIL 5, 2009 EXISTING 25' ONSTRUCTION, DRAINAGE, & UTILITY EASEMENT REVISIONS 24 (EASEMENT) 5.81 ACRES 5.34 ACRES EXISTING 20' AND 6.74 ACRES VARIABLE WIDTH BMP MAINTENANCE N=3831492.98 E=11636260.27 & ACCESS EASEMENT INSTRUMENT No. 12-2068 2.01 ACRES TO BE VACATED EXISTING 3,97 ACRES 2.92 ACRES 5.45 ACRES SPACE SETBACK LINE EXISTING 20' BMP MAINTENANCE DESIGNED BY: WAB & ACCESS EASEMENT DRAWN BY: INSTRUMENT No. 12-2068 CHECKED BY: WAB N.: 309-01-100 CAD FILE: Midpoint Ova B SHEET 2 OF

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR LOTS 19, 20, 30, 31, AND PART OF LOTS 38, 39, & 40 OF MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK BMP #1 DETAIL SCALE: 1"-50' DRAINAGE AREA TO BMP #1 24" RCP RISER W/ 36" RCP TRASH RACK Crest Elev.=333.00 Inv,=328.00 SCALE: 1"=50' ↑ To 8 64 If. 24" RCP @ 2.00% 2.18 ACRES 24" ES-2 Inv.=326.72 DIVERSION DITCH/BERN TO DIVERT RUNGER ROCK CHECK 3.21 ACRES 2.18 ACRES CONSTRUCTION, DRAINAGE, & UTILITY EASEMENT N=3832458.07 E=11655541.00 N=3832485.42 2.18 ACRES E=11655708.86 5.43 ACRES APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF 22' WIDE EXISTING EDGE OF PAVEMENT STOCKPILE/BORROW LIMITS OF SIT 30' AND VARIABLE WIDTH BMP #1 MAINTENANCE 31 2.61 ACRES PROPOSED - 20' DRAINAGE GPIN# 6833-62-3398 LIMITS OF POST DEVELOPMENT DA EASEMENT (A) (TYPICAL) 5.17 ACRES LIMITS OF NON-TIDAL OUTFALL PIPE 30 2.61 ACRES AND ACCESS EXISTING 36" RCP INV IN=346.63 INV OUT=345.74 7.34 ACRES BMP #1 BMP #1 PROPOSED VARIABLE WIDTH TOP ELEV. =333.30 BMP #1 MAINTENANCE

VAIDEQ STORMWATER DESIGN SPECIFICATION INTRODUCTION: APPENDIX B: PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY

41 ACRES

2.61 ACRES

5.34 ACRES

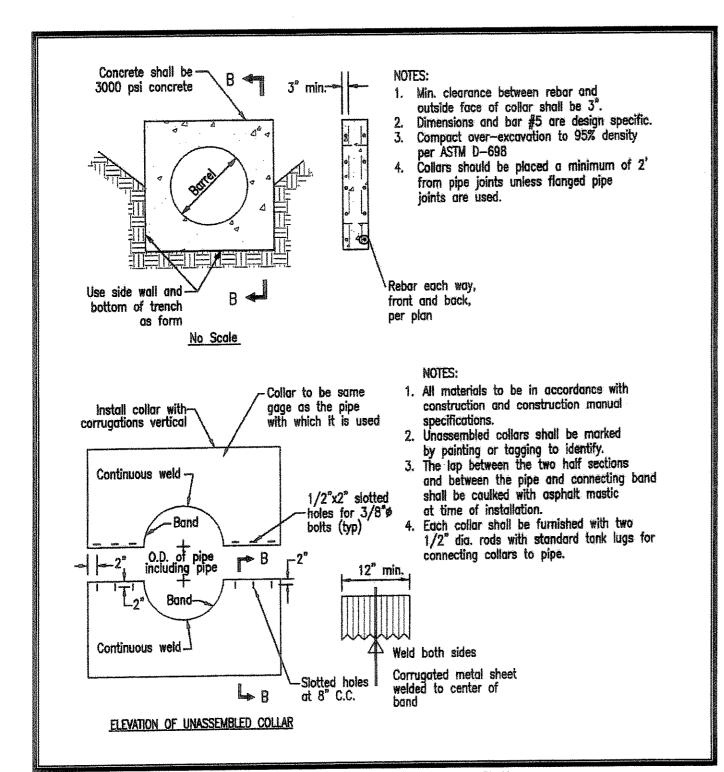


Figure B-2. Concrete Anti-Seep Collar

THE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE HAS RATED SOME SOILS ON—SITE AS A POOR SOURCE OF FILL MATERIAL. THE SOILS MAP ON SHEET 6 INDICATES THE LOCATION OF ALL SOILS ONSITE AND SHOWS THE FILL SOURCE RATING OF EACH. SOILS RATED POOR SHOULD NOT BE USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BMP EMBANKMENTS. THE BMP EMBANKMENTS SHOULD ONLY BE CONSTRUCTED WITH GOOD STRUCTURAL MATERIAL AND COMPACTED IN 6 INCH LIFTS TO 95% COMPACTION.

TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION WAS

FIELD TAKEN BY MICHAEL L. PARRISH
& ASSOCIATES IN NOV. 2008.

2. LIMITS OF WETLANDS DELINEATED

BY ENVIRO-UTILITIES AND CONFIRMED

BY USACOE IN APRIL 2015.

TO REMAIN (TYP)

GRIN#_6833-62-1151 TAX MAP# 6-13-0-20-0

PROP. SEDIMENT FOREBAY TO BE BUILT PER

VSMH STANDARD 3.04

DIVERSION TO CONVEY DRAINAGE FROM WETLAND CHANNEL TO BMP

PROPOSED 15'x10'x2.2'

EMERGENCY SPILLWAY

WETLANDS TO BE

EROSION CONTROL QUANTITIES CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE _______ 1 EA. SILT FENCE ---- 790 LF ROCK CHECK DAM-4 EA. DIVERSION DITCH-85 LF CLASS | MIN. OUTLET PROTECTION ----- 36.2cy LAND DISTURBANCE ______ 2.2 Ac. NOTE: QUANTITIES ARE APPROXIMATE CONTRACTOR TO PERFORM HIS OWN TAKE-OFF.

		AS ASSUMED TO DRAIN TO BMP 4	
SOURCE	IMPERVIOUS AREA (Ac.)	BASIS	
ROADS	0.3	MEASURED	
LOT 19	1.9	ASSUMED 85% OF USABLE LOT AREA	
LOT 20	2.2	ASSUMED 85% OF USABLE LOT AREA	
LOT 30	1.8	ASSUMED 70% OF LOT AREA	
LOT 31	1.8	ASSUMED 70% OF LOT AREA	
LOT 38	1.5	ASSUMED 70% OF LOT AREA	
LOT 39	1.8	ASSUMED 70% OF LOT AREA	
LOT 40	1.8	ASSUMED 70% OF LOT AREA	
	13.1		

BMP #1	SURFACE AREA - PO	OL DEPTH RELATIONSHIP
TOTAL	3MP SURFACE AREA=	28,230sf @ ELEV.=333.00
POOL DEPTH (ft)	SURFACE AREA (sf)	% OF TOTAL BMP SURFACE AREA
0-1.5	7199	25,5%
1.5-2.0	878	3.1%
2.0-6.0	20153	71.4%
	TOTAL=28230	100%

HYDRAULIC RESIDENCE TIME VOLUME OF BASIN AT PERMANENT POOL=2.27AF=98,881cf 2yr STORM OUTFLOW FROM BASIN=15.4cfs RESIDENCE TIME=98,881cf/15.4cfs=6421sec=1.78hrs

ASSUMPTIONS:

MANAGEMENT PROGRAM.

PIPING MAY BE NECESSARY TO ACHIEVE THIS DRAINAGE BMP #1 STORAGE INFORMATION ELEV. (ft) AREA (sf) VOLUME (AF) 328 15184 329 16784 0.37 330 18440 0.77 331 20153 1,21 332 21923 1.70 333 28230 2.27 334 30245 2.94 335 32316 3.66 336 34444 4.43

10' AQUATIC BENCH

LEAST OF 70% OF THE LOT AREA OR 85% OF THE

THAN USED FOR THESE CALCULATIONS, MORE

LA=12' W1=6'

W2=18'

WETLANDS TO REMAIN

N=3832222.04

NOTE: SEE SHEET

VIEW OF CROSS

10 yr. STORM ELEV.=334.5 ---EMERGENCY SPILLWAY ELEV.=335.00 RISER CREST ELEV.=333.00 TRASH RACK 10' AQUATIC BENCH RCP RISER 64 LF 24" RCP INV.=328.00 BOTTOM=328.0 at 2.00% 1. UNDEVELOPED LOTS TO BE TREATED HAVE BEEN ASSUMED TO HAVE IMPERVIOUS COVER EQUAL TO THE NOTE: OUTFALL PIPE TO A PROPERTY OF HAVE (2) 4'x4' ANTI-SEEP OP CLASS I RIP-RAP COLLARS 15' APART USABLE LOT AREA, SEE TABLE ABOVE FOR MORE INFORMATION, IF LOTS HAVE MORE IMPERVIOUS COVER PER STATE STANDARDS CUT OFF TRENCH -PEAK INFLOWS TO BMP #1 STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PRACTICES MAY NEED TO BE EMPLOYED TO COMPLY WITH THE VIRGINIA STORMWATER PRE-DEVELOPMENT DA=14.5Ac. "ON-SITE" AREA TO BE TREATED BY BMP=25.5 W2=18' CALCULATIONS SHOWN ASSUME THAT ALL IMPERVIOUS C=0.35 POST DEVELOPMENT DA TO BMP #1=17.2Ac. D=2.2'COVER ON LOTS 19, 20, 30, 31, 38, 39, AND 40 WILL Tc=0VERLAND FLOW (13min) IMPERVIOUS AREA DRAINING TO BMP #1 LOTS 19, 20, 30, 31, 38, 39, AND 40 DRAIN TO THE PROPOSED BASIN. SOME DITCHING OR + SHALLOW CONCENTRATED FLOW (2min) 600LF. ROAD x 24' WIDE=0.3Ac. + CHANNEL FLOW (4min)=19min. TOTAL AREAIMP TO BMP #1 = 13.1Ac. % IMPERVIOUS TO BMP #1 = 13.1/17.2 = 76% 110 = 4.14LOAD TO BMP #1 (LBMP) 125 = 4.651100=5,49 Q2=0.35(3.07)(14.5)=15.6cfs

LBMP = $[0.05 + (0.009 \times 76)] \times 2.28 \times 17.2 = 28.8 lbs/yr$ BMP #1 REMOVAL = 28.8lbs/yr x 0.65 = 18.7lbs/yr. REMOVAL (18.7lbs/yr) > RR (18.3lbs/yr)BMP #1 REQUIRED VOLUME = 4x1816 x AIMP TO BMP $=4 \times 1816 \times 13.1 = 95,158 \text{ cf} = 2.18\text{AF}$

PROP. TOP = 336.7

PROP. 15'x10'x2.2' CLASS I RIP-RAP

LA=12'

W1 = 6'

POST DEVELOPMENT OUTFLOWS FROM BMP #1 Q2=15.4cfs ELEV.=334.0 Q10=18.7cfs ELEV.=334.5 Q25=21.8cfs ELEV.=335.0

Q100=40.6cfs ELEV.=335.7

SHEET 3 OF 6

Q100=0.35(5.49)(14.5)(1.25)=34.8cfs POST-DEVELOPMENT DA=17.2Ac. c= 0.70 Tc=15min. |2=3,45|110 = 4.62125=5.18 |100=6.07Q2=0.70(3.45)(17.2)=41.5cfs

Q10=0.35(4.14)(14.5)=21.0cfs

Q10=0.70(4.62)(17.2)=55.6cfs

Q25=0.70(5.18)(17.2)(1.1)=68.6cfs Q100=0.70(6.07)(17.2)(1.25)=91.4cfs

Q25=0.35(4.65)(14.5)(1.1)=26.0cfs

BMP #1 DETAIL

(NOT TO SCALE)

DA=17.2Ac.

- EXISTING GROUND

100 yr. STORM ELEV.=335.7 ----

25 yr. STORM ELEV,=335.0 ----

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN BMP #1

DATE: APRIL 5, 2009 REVISIONS

DESIGNED BY: WAB DRAWN BY: BDF CHECKED BY: WAB

J. N.: 309-01-100 CAD FILE: Midpoint Ova BMP

Introduction: Appendix B: Principal Spillways

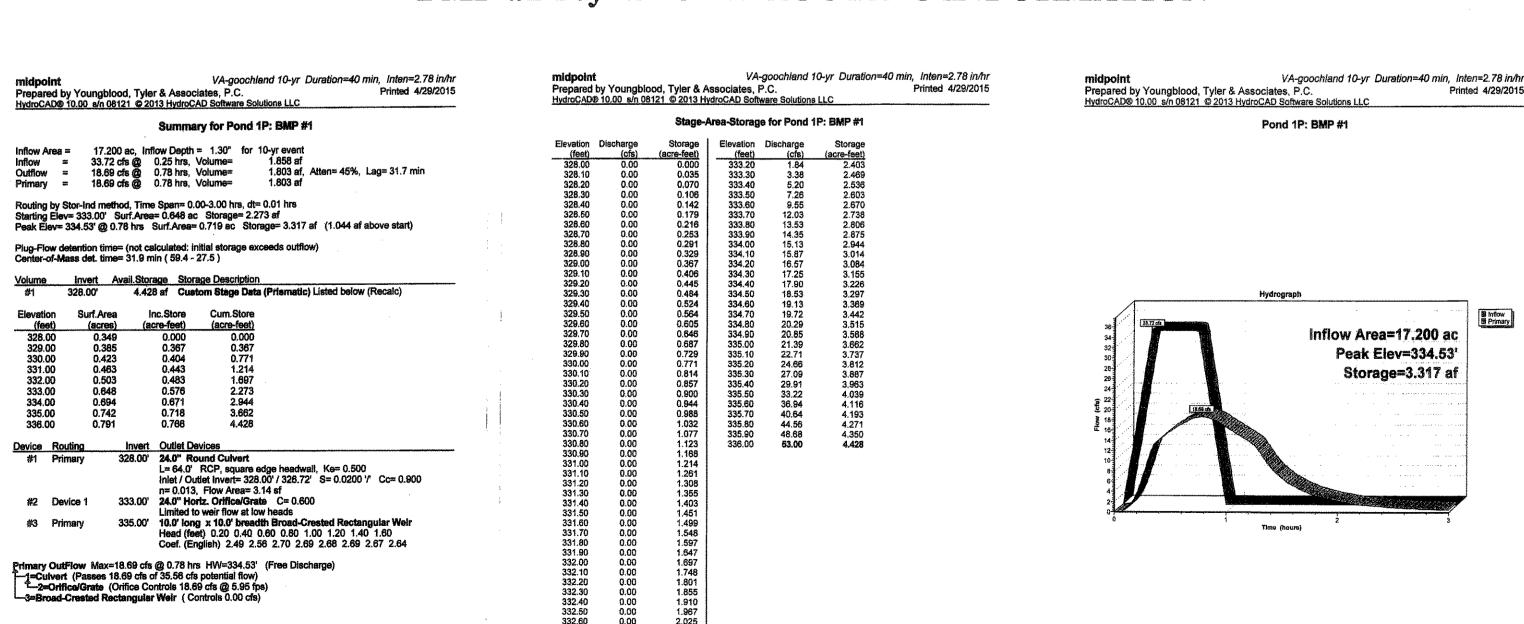
Version 1.0, March 1, 2011

BMA #1=25.5Ac

1. TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM GOOCHLAND COUNTY GIS.
2. LIMITS OF WETLANDS DELINEATED BY ENVIRO—UTILITIES AND CONFIRMED BY USACOE IN ARRIL 2015.

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR LOTS 19, 20, 30, 31, 38, 39, & 40 OF MIDPOINT INDUSTRIAL PARK PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5D PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5D PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5D Determine the applicable area (A) and the post-developed impervious cover Situation 2: This consists of land development where the existing percent impervious cover (I_{resisting}) is less than or equal to the average land cover condition (I_{resistandel}) and the proposed improvements will create a total percent Determine the existing impervious cover of the development site if present Applicable area (A)* = 15.5 acres impervious cover (I_{post}) which is greater than the average land cover condition (I_{watershed}). Post-development impervious cover: structures = 44 acres Intellige O % s I with the 110 %; and parking lot = ___acres Ipont 51 % > I 14 % roadway = <u>0.5</u> acres Situation 3: This consists of land development where the existing percent impervious cover (I existing) is greater than the average land cover condition (I extended) Situation 4: This consists of land development where the existing percent impervious Total = ____acres cover (I_{editing}) is served by an existing stormwater management BMP(s) that addresses water quality. Total = 13.1 acres $I_{post} = (total post-development impervious cover + A) \times 100 = _____ 51 %$ * The area should be the same as used in STEP 1 If the proposed development meets the criteria for development Situation 1, than the low The area subject to the criteria may vary from locality to locality. Therefore, density development is considered to be the BMP and no pollutant removal is required. consult the locality for proper determination of this value. The calculation procedure for Situation 1 stops here. If the proposed development meets Determine the appropriate development situation. the criteria for development Situations 2, 3, or 4, then proceed to STEP 4 on the Determine the average land cover condition ($I_{watershed}$) or the existing impervious cover (L_{existing}). The site information determined in STEP 1 and STEP 2 provide enough information to determine the appropriate development situation under which the performance criteria will apply. Average land cover condition $(I_{watershed})$: If the locality has determined land cover conditions for individual watersheds within its Check (*) the appropriate development situation as follows: jurisdiction, use the watershed specific value determined by the locality as I_____ Situation 1: This consists of land development where the existing percent impervious cover (I_{existing}) is less than or equal to the average land cover condition $(I_{\text{watershed}})$ and the proposed improvements will create a total percent impervious cover (I_{post}) which is less than or equal to the average land Otherwise, use the Chesapeake Bay default value: $I_{\text{watershed}} = 16\%$ I post % ≤ I watershed % CROSS SECTION L-L CROSS SECTION K-K CROSS SECTION J-J FOR SECTIONS K-K AND L-L, FLOWS ARE A COMBINATION OF BMP OUTFLOW AND OTHER DRAINAGE TO CREEK, NON-BMP DA=46.0 AC C=0.35 NOTE: SEE SHEET 3 FOR PLAN VIEW OF 330 Tc=26 MIN. EX. CHANNEL EX. CHANNEL FLOWS ARE TAKEN FROM BMP ROUTING. Q2=63.3cfs V2=4.1fps 2yr ELEV.=322.4 Q10=82.5cfs 10yr ELEV.=322.8 10yr W/S ELEV. Q100=136.8cfs Q2=21.4cfs V100=4.9fps 100yr ELEV.=323.6 V2=4.1fps 2yr ELEV.=323.6 V2=5.3fps 2yr ELEV.=326.8 s=1.0% n=0.045 Q10=82.5cfs Q10=26.1cfs V10=5.6fps 10yr ELEV.=326.9 325 10yr ELEV.=324.0 Q100=40.2cfs V100=5.1fps 100yr ELEV.=327.0 s=6.0% V100=5.0fps 100yr ELEV,=324.9 n=0.045n=0.045

BMP #1 10yr STORM ROUTING INFORMATION



PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5D Worksheet 2: Situation 2 Summary of Situation 2 criteria: from calculation procedure STEP 1 thru STEP 3, Worksheet 1: Applicable area (A)* = 25.5 acres I_{post} = (total post-development impervious cover ÷ A) × 100 = $\frac{51}{\%}$ I watershed = % or I watershed = 16% I station O % S I watershed 110 %; and Ipent 51 % > I material 16 % STEP 4 Determine the relative pre-development pollutant load (L.,.). $L_{pre(watershed)} = [0.05 + (0.009 \times I_{watershed})] \times A \times 2.28 \quad \text{(Equation 5-16)}$ where: Lpro(watersheet) == relative pre-development total phosphorous load (pounds per year) watershed = average land cover condition for specific watershed or locality or the Chesapeake Bay default value of 16% (percent expressed in A = applicable area (acres) $\mathbf{L}_{\text{pro(watershed)}} = [0.05 + (0.009 \times 10)] \times 25.5 \times 2.28$ = 11.3 pounds per year

PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5D Worksheet 2: Situation 2 2. Select BMP(s) from Table 5-15 and locate on the site: BMP 1: Refention Bain TIT of Aquatic Bench 3. Determine the pollutant load entering the proposed BMP(s): $L_{BMP} = [0.05 + (0.009 \times I_{BMP})] \times A \times 2.28$ (Equation 5-23) L_{BMP} = relative post-development total phosphorous load entering proposed BMP (pounds per year)

I_{RMP} = post-development percent impervious cover of BMP drainage area (percent expressed in whole numbers)

A = drainage area of proposed BMP (acres) L_BMP1 = [0.05 + (0.009 × 7/a)] × 17.7 × 2.28 ISMP = 13.6ac = 76 % = <u>18.8</u> pounds per year L_{BMP2} = [0.05 + (0.009 × ____)] × ____ × 2.28 $L_{BMP3} = [0.05 + (0.009 \times ___)] \times ___ \times 2.28$

5D-11

PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5E Worksheet 2: Situation 2 STEP 5 Determine the relative post-development pollutant load (L_{post}). $L_{post} = [0.05 + (0.009 \times I_{cost})] \times A \times 2.28$ (Equation 5-21) where: L_{post} = relative post-development total phosphorous load (pounds per I_{post} = post-development percent impervious cover (percent expressed in A = applicable area (acres) $L_{\text{post}} = [0.05 + (0.009 \times _5]) \times _25.5 \times 2.28$ STEP 6 Determine the relative pollutant removal requirement (RR) RR = 29.(e - 11.3)= 16.3 pounds per year Identify best management practice (BMP) for the site 1. Determine the required pollutant removal efficiency for the site: where: EFF = required pollutant removal efficiency (percent expressed in whole RR = poliutant removal requirement (pounds per year) L_{con} = relative post-development total phosphorous load (pounds per $EFF = (16.3 + 79.6) \times 100$

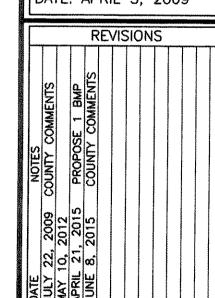
PERFORMANCE-BASED WATER QUALITY CALCULATIONS APPENDIX 5D Worksheet 2: Situation 2 4. Calculate the pollutant load removed by the proposed BMP(s): where: L_removed = Post-development pollutant load removed by proposed BMP (pounds per year)

Eff_{BMP} = pollutant removal efficiency of BMP (expressed in decimal form) relative post-development total phosphorous load entering proposed BMP (pounds per year) _____ × ____ = _____pounds per year L_{recoved/BMP3} = × = pounds per year 5. Calculate the total pollutant load removed by the BMP(s): total pollutant load removed by proposed BMPs pollutant load removed by proposed BMP No. 1 pollutant load removed by proposed BMP No. 2 = <u>LB.7</u> pounds per year 6. Verify compliance:

> STORMWATER MANAGEMENT

> > DATE: APRIL 5, 2009

PLAN BMP #1



DESIGNED BY: WAB DRAWN BY: BDF CHECKED BY: WAB

J. N.: 309-01-100 CAD FILE: Midpoint Ova BMP

SHEET 4 OF 6

- A VESCP must be consistent with the following criteria, techniques and methods:
- 1. Permanent or temporary soil stabilization shall be applied to denuded areas within seven days after final grade is reached on any portion of the site. Temporary soil stabilization shall be applied within seven days to denuded areas that may not be at final grade but will remain domant for longer than 14 days. Permanent stabilization shall be applied to areas that are to be left domant for more than one year.
- 2. During construction of the project, soil stock piles and borrow areas shall be stabilized or protected with sediment trapping measures. The applicant is responsible for the temporary protection and permanent stabilization of all soil stockpiles on site as well as borrow areas and soil intentionally transported from the project site.
- 3. A permanent vegetative cover shall be established on denuded areas not otherwise permanently stabilized.
 Permanent vegetation shall not be considered established until a ground cover is achieved that is uniform, mature enough to survive and will inhibit erosion.
- 4. Sediment basins and traps, perimeter dikes, sediment barriers and other measures intended to trap sediment shall be constructed as a first step in any land-disturbing activity and shall be made functional before upslope land disturbance takes place.
- 5. Stabilization measures shall be applied to earthen structures such as dams, dikes and diversions immediately after installation.
- Sediment traps and sediment basins shall be designed and constructed based upon the total drainage area to be served by the trap or basin.
- a. The minimum storage capacity of a sediment trap shall be 134 cubic yards per acre of drainage area and the trap shall only control drainage areas less than three acres.
- b. Surface runoff from disturbed areas that is comprised of flow from drainage areas greater than or equal to three acres shall be controlled by a sediment basin. The minimum storage capacity of a sediment basin shall be 134 cubic yards per acre of drainage area. The outfall system shall, at a minimum, maintain the structural integrity of the basin during a 25-year storm of 24-hour duration. Runoff coefficients used in runoff calculations shall correspond to a bare earth condition or those conditions expected to exist while the sediment basin is utilized.
- 7. Cut and fill slopes shall be designed and constructed in a manner that will minimize erosion. Slopes that are found to be eroding excessively within one year of permanent stabilization shall be provided with additional slope stabilizing measures until the problem is corrected.
- 8. Concentrated runoff shall not flow down cut or fill slopes unless contained within an adequate temporary or permanent channel, flume or slope drain structure.
- 9. Whenever water seeps from a slope face, adequate drainage or other protection shall be provided.
- 10. All storm sewer inlets that are made operable during construction shall be protected so that sediment-laden water cannot enter the conveyance system without first being filtered or otherwise treated to remove sediment.

- 11. Before newly constructed stormwater conveyance channels or pipes are made operational, adequate outlet protection and any required temporary or permanent channel lining shall be installed in both the conveyance channel and receiving channel.
- 12. When work in a live watercourse is performed, precautions shall be taken to minimize encroachment, control sediment transport and stabilize the work area to the greatest extent possible during construction. Nonerodible material shall be used for the construction of causeways and cofferdams. Earthen fill may be used for these structures if armored by nonerodible cover materials.
- 13. When a live watercourse must be crossed by construction vehicles more than twice in any six-month period, a temporary vehicular stream crossing constructed of nonerodible material shall be provided.
- 14. All applicable federal, state and local requirements pertaining to working in or crossing live watercourses shall be
- 15. The bed and banks of a watercourse shall be stabilized immediately after work in the watercourse is completed.
- 16. Underground utility lines shall be installed in accordance with the following standards in addition to other applicable criteria:
- a. No more than 500 linear feet of trench may be opened at one time.
- b. Excavated material shall be placed on the uphill side of trenches.
- c. Effluent from dewatering operations shall be filtered or passed through an approved sediment trapping device, or both, and discharged in a manner that does not adversely affect flowing streams or off-site property.
- d. Material used for backfilling trenches shall be properly compacted in order to minimize erosion and promote stabilization.
- e. Restabilization shall be accomplished in accordance with this chapter.
- f. Applicable safety requirements shall be complied with.
- 17. Where construction vehicle access routes intersect paved or public roads, provisions shall be made to minimize the transport of sediment by vehicular tracking onto the paved surface. Where sediment is transported onto a paved or public road surface, the road surface shall be cleaned thoroughly at the end of each day. Sediment shall be removed from the roads by shoveling or sweeping and transported to a sediment control disposal area. Street washing shall be allowed only after sediment is removed in this manner. This provision shall apply to individual development lots as well as to larger land-disturbing activities.
- 18. All temporary erosion and sediment control measures shall be removed within 30 days after final site stabilization or after the temporary measures are no longer needed, unless otherwise authorized by the VESCP authority. Trapped sediment and the disturbed soil areas resulting from the disposition of temporary measures shall be permanently stabilized to prevent further erosion and sedimentation.
- 19. Properties and waterways downstream from development sites shall be protected from sediment deposition, erosion and damage due to increases in volume, velocity and peak flow rate of stormwater runoff for the stated frequency storm of 24-hour duration in accordance with the following standards and criteria. Stream restoration and

relocation projects that incorporate natural channel design concepts are not man-made channels and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels:

- a. Concentrated stormwater runoff leaving a development site shall be discharged directly into an adequate natural or man-made receiving channel, pipe or storm sewer system. For those sites where runoff is discharged into a pipe or pipe system, downstream stability analyses at the outfall of the pipe or pipe system shall be performed.
- b. Adequacy of all channels and pipes shall be verified in the following manner:
- (1) The applicant shall demonstrate that the total drainage area to the point of analysis within the channel is one hundred times greater than the contributing drainage area of the project in question; or
- (2) (a) Natural channels shall be analyzed by the use of a two-year storm to verify that stormwater will not overtop channel banks nor cause erosion of channel bed or banks.
- (b) All previously constructed man-made channels shall be analyzed by the use of a ten-year storm to verify that stormwater will not overtop its banks and by the use of a two-year storm to demonstrate that stormwater will not cause erosion of channel bed or banks; and
- (c) Pipes and storm sewer systems shall be analyzed by the use of a ten-year storm to verify that stormwater will be contained within the pipe or system.
- c. If existing natural receiving channels or previously constructed man-made channels or pipes are not adequate, the applicant shall:
- (1) Improve the channels to a condition where a ten-year storm will not overtop the banks and a two-year storm will not cause erosion to the channel, the bed, or the banks; or
- (2) Improve the pipe or pipe system to a condition where the ten-year storm is contained within the appurtenances;
- (3) Develop a site design that will not cause the pre-development peak runoff rate from a two-year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a natural channel or will not cause the pre-development peak runoff rate from a ten-year storm to increase when runoff outfalls into a man-made channel; or
- (4) Provide a combination of channel improvement, stormwater detention or other measures which is satisfactory to the VESCP authority to prevent downstream erosion.
- d. The applicant shall provide evidence of permission to make the improvements.
- e. All hydrologic analyses shall be based on the existing watershed characteristics and the ultimate development condition of the subject project.
- f. If the applicant chooses an option that includes stormwater detention, he shall obtain approval from the VESCP of a plan for maintenance of the detention facilities. The plan shall set forth the maintenance requirements of the facility and the person responsible for performing the maintenance.
- g. Outfall from a detention facility shall be discharged to a receiving channel, and energy dissipators shall be placed at the outfall of all detention facilities as necessary to provide a stabilized transition from the facility to the receiving channel.

- h. All on-site channels must be verified to be adequate.
- i. Increased volumes of sheet flows that may cause erosion or sedimentation on adjacent property shall be diverted to a stable outlet, adequate channel, pipe or pipe system, or to a detention facility.
- j. In applying these stormwater management criteria, individual lots or parcels in a residential, commercial or industrial development shall not be considered to be separate development projects. Instead, the development, as a whole, shall be considered to be a single development project. Hydrologic parameters that reflect the ultimate development condition shall be used in all engineering calculations.
- k. All measures used to protect properties and waterways shall be employed in a manner which minimizes impacts on the physical, chemical and biological integrity of rivers, streams and other waters of the state.
- i. Any plan approved prior to July 1, 2014, that provides for stormwater management that addresses any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels shall satisfy the flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels if the practices are designed to (i) detain the water quality volume and to release it over 48 hours; (ii) detain and release over a 24-hour period the expected rainfall resulting from the one year, 24-hour storm; and (iii) reduce the allowable peak flow rate resulting from the 1.5, 2, and 10-year, 24-hour storms to a level that is less than or equal to the peak flow rate from the site assuming it was in a good forested condition, achieved through multiplication of the forested peak flow rate by a reduction factor that is equal to the runoff volume from the site when it was in a good forested condition divided by the runoff volume from the site in its proposed condition, and shall be exempt from any flow rate capacity and velocity requirements for natural or man-made channels as defined in any regulations promulgated pursuant to § 62.1-44.15:54 or 62.1-44.15:65 of the Act.
- m. For plans approved on and after July 1, 2014, the flow rate capacity and velocity requirements of § 62.1-44.15:52 A of the Act and this subsection shall be satisfied by compliance with water quantity requirements in the Stormwater Management Act (§ 62.1-44.15:24 et seq. of the Code of Virginia) and attendant regulations, unless such land-disturbing activities are in accordance with 9VAC25-870-48 of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Regulations.
- n. Compliance with the water quantity minimum standards set out in 9vac25-870-66 of the Virginia Stormwater Management Program (VSMP) Regulations shall be deemed to satisfy the requirements of subdivision 19 of this subsection.

Statutory Authority

§ 62.1-44.15:52 of the Code of Virginia.

Historical Notes

Former 4VAC50-30-40, derived from VR625-02-00 § 4; eff September 13, 1990; amended, Virginia Register Volume 11, Issue 11, eff. March 22, 1995; Volume 29, Issue 4, eff. November 21, 2012; amended and renumbered, Virginia Register Volume 30, Issue 2, eff. October 23, 2013.

prev | next | new search | table of contents | home

AL PARK

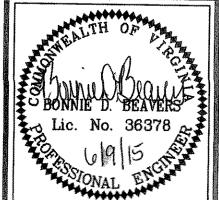
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NOTES & DETAILS

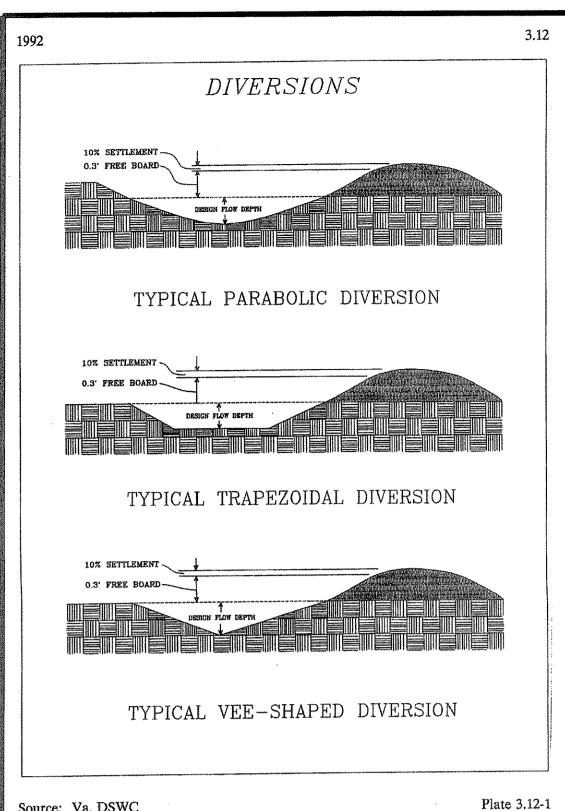
DATE: APRIL 5, 2009

DESIGNED BY: WAB
DRAWN BY: BDF
CHECKED BY: WAB

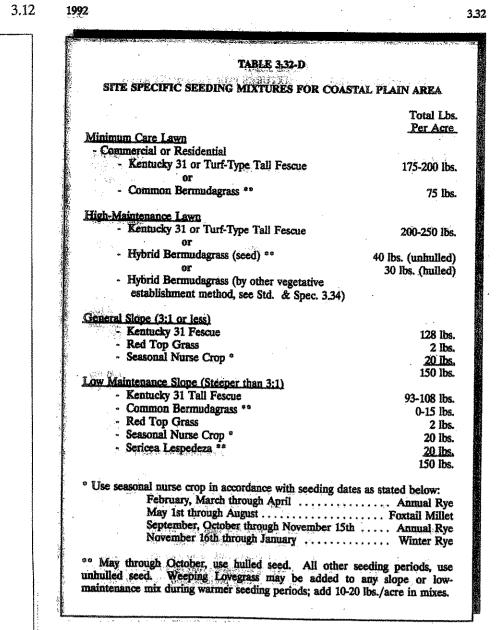
J. N.: 309-01-100 CAD FILE: Midpoint Ova BMP



SHEET 5 OF 6



Source: Va. DSWC



LEVEL SPREADER CROSS SECTION LEVEL SPREADER WITH VEGETATED LIP CROSS SECTION LEVEL SPREADER WITH RIGID LIP * MIN. PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS OF FILTER CLOTH NOTED IN STD. & SPEC. 3.19, RPRAP Source: Va. DSWC and N.C. Erosion and Sediment Control Planning and Design Manual Plate 3.21-2

CONSTRUCTION OF A SILT FENCE (WITHOUT WIRE SUPPORT) 2. EXCAVATE A 4"X 4" TRENCH POINTS A SHOULD BE HIGHER THAN POINT B. DRAINAGEWAY INSTALLATION (FRONT ELEVATION) Source: Adapted from Installation of Straw and Fabric Filter Barriers for Sediment Control, Sherwood and Wyant

SECTION A-A PILTER CLOTH KEY IN 6"-8"; RECOMMENDED FOR ENTIRE PERMET PRITER CLOTH REY IN 6"-9"; RECOMMENDED FOR ENTIRE PERIMETE NOTES: 1. APRON LINING MAY RE RIPRAP, GROUTED RIPRAP, GABION
BASKET, OR CONCRETE.
2. La IS THE LENGTH OF THE RIPRAP APRON AS CALCULATED USING PLATES 3.18-3 AND 3.18-4.
3. d = 1.5 TIMES THE MAXIMUM STONE DIAMETER, BUT NOT LESS THAN 6 INCRES. Plate 3.05-2 Source: Va. DSWC Plate 3.18-1

PIPE OUTLET CONDITIONS

EROSION CONTROL NOTES

1. UNLESS OTHERWISE INDICATED, ALL VEGETATIVE AND STRUCTURAL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PRACTICES WILL BE CONSTRUCTED AND MAINTAINED ACCORDING TO MINIMUM STANDARDS AND SPECIFICATIONS OF THE <u>VIRGINIA EROSION AND SEDIMENT</u>

CONTROL HANDBOOK AND VIRGINIA REGULATIONS VR 625-02-00 EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL REGULATIONS. 2. ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES ARE TO BE PLACED PRIOR TO OR AS THE FIRST STEP IN CLEARING. IF DURING CONSTRUCTION, ADDITIONAL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES ARE FOUND NECESSARY, THEY SHALL BE INSTALLED AS DIRECTED BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.

3. A COPY OF THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON THE SITE AT ALL TIMES. 4. NO DISTURBED AREA WILL BE DENUDED FOR MORE THAN 30 CALENDAR DAYS. ALL STORM AND SANITARY SEWER LINES NOT IN STREETS ARE TO BE MULCHED AND SEEDED IMMEDIATELY AFTER BACKFILL. NO MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED (500) FEET ARE TO BE OPEN AT ONE TIME.

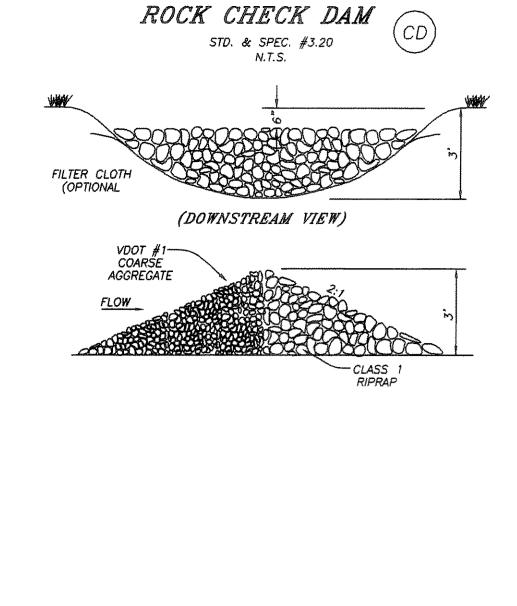
6. ELECTRIC POWER, TELEPHONE, AND GAS SUPPLY TRENCHES ARE TO BE COMPACTED, SEEDED AND MULCHED IMMEDIATELY AFTER BACKFILL. 7. ALL TEMPORARY EARTH BERMS, DIVERSIONS, AND SILT DAMS ARE TO BE MULCHED AND SEEDED FOR VEGETATIVE COVER IMMEDIATELY AFTER GRADING. STRAW OR HAY MULCH IS REQUIRED. THE SAME APPLIES TO ALL SOIL STOCKPILES. 8. DURING CONSTRUCTION, ALL STORM SEWER INLETS WILL BE PROTECTED BY SILT TRAPS, MAINTAINED AND MODIFIED AS REQUIRED BY CONSTRUCTION PROGRESS. 9. ANY DISTURBED AREA NOT PAVED, SODDED, OR BUILT UPON BY NOVEMBER 1st, IS

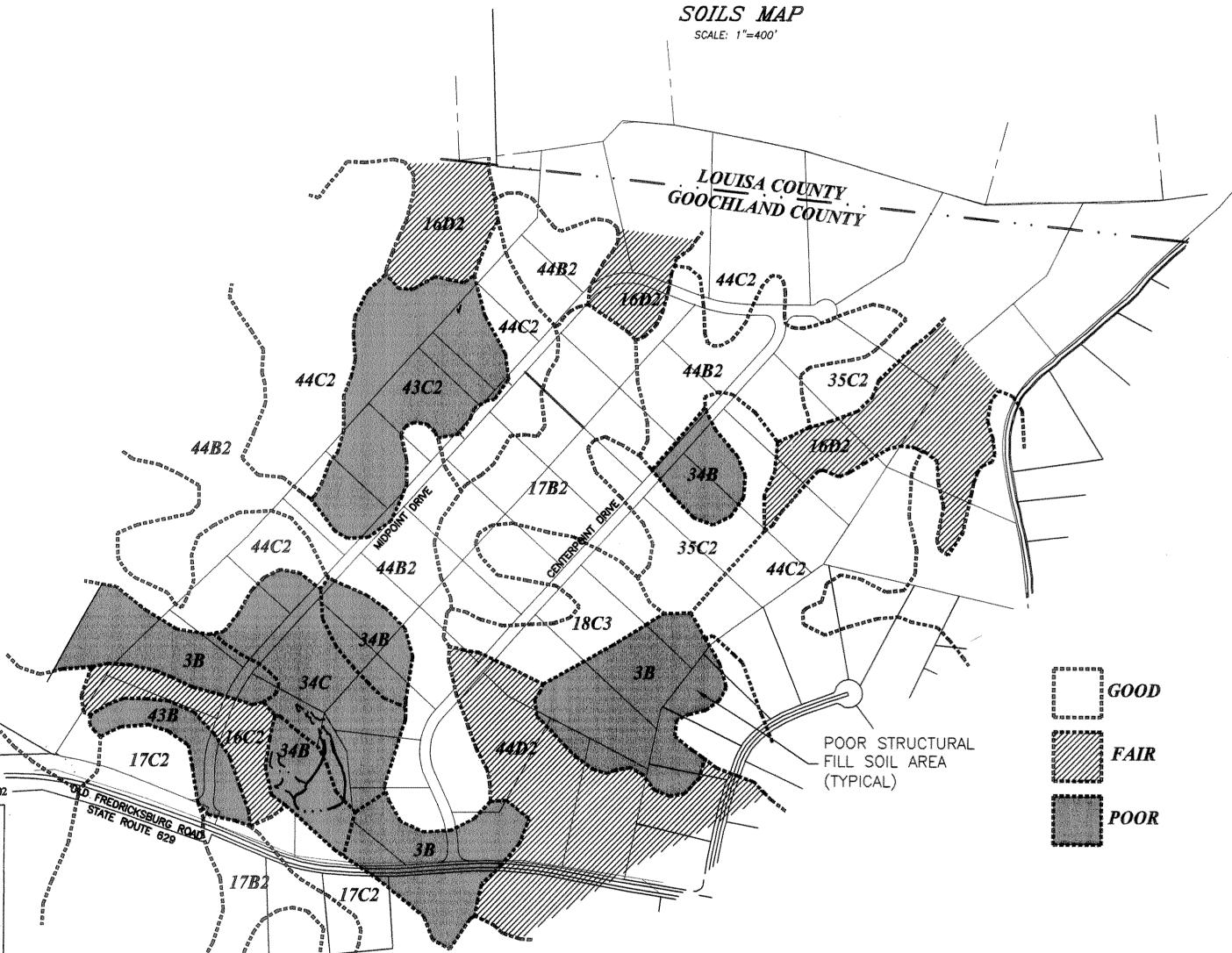
TO BE SEEDED ON THAT DATE WITH OATS, ABRUZZI, RYE OR EQUIVALENT AND MULCHED WITH HAY OR STRAW MULCH. MODIFY AS APPLICABLE DEPENDING ON PROPOSED TIME OF CONSTRUCTION. 10, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT ALL EROSION CONTROL MEASURES PERIODICALLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF-PRODUCING RAINFALL EVENT. ANY NECESSARY REPAIRS OR CLEANUP TO MAINTAIN THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE MADE IMMEDIATELY. 11. DURING DEWATERING OPERATIONS, WATER WILL BE PUMPED INTO AN APPROVED FILTERING DEVICE. 12. PRIOR TO COMMENCING LAND DISTURBING ACTIVITIES IN AREAS OTHER THAN INDICATED ON THESE PLANS (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, OFF-SITE BORROW OR WASTE

THE OWNER FOR REVIEW AND APPROVAL BY THE COUNTY ENGINEER.

STONE CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE FILTER CLUTH 6" MIN. SIDE ELEVATION PLAN VIEW AREAS). THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SUBMIT A SUPPLEMENTARY EROSION CONTROL PLAN TO SECTION B-B

> Source: Adapted from 1983 Maryland Standards for Soil Plate 3.02-1 Erosion and Sediment Control, and Va. DSWC





Midpoint Industrial Park Soils Summary					
Soil Map #	Soil Name	USDA Texture	Slope (%)	Hydrologic Soil Group	Structural
3B	Bolling	(Surface) Silt Loam	2-7%	C C	POOR
16C2	Louisburg	Fine Sandy Loam	7-15%	В	FAIR
16D2	Louisburg	Fine Sandy Loam	15-25%	8	FAIR
17B2	Madison	Fine Sandy Loam	2-7%	В	GOOD
17C2	Madison	Fine Sandy Loam	7-15%	В	GOOD
18C3	Madison	Clay Loam	7-15%	В	GOOD
34B	Sedgefield	Fine Sandy Loam	2-7%	С	POOR
34C	Sedgefield	Fine Sandy Loam	7-15%	С	POOR
35C2	Tallapoosa	Fine Sandy Loam	7-15%	С	GOOD
43B	Vance	Fine Sandy Loam	2-7%	С	POOR
43C2	Vance	Fine Sandy Loam	7-15%	С	POOR
44B2	Wedowee	Fine Sandy Loam	2-7%	В	GOOD
44C2	Wedowee	Fine Sandy Loam	7-15%	В	GOOD
44D2	Wedowee	Fine Sandy Loam	15-25%	В	FAIR

SOILS INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED FROM NATURAL RESOURCES

esta de la composito de la com	PROTECTION
Land Andrews (Special States	
1	TOE OF FILL CULYERT
	WO 1
-	(TOE OF FEL
900	SET FENCE "DETANCE IS 6" MINIMUM IF FLORI IS TOWARD EMBANDMENT
***************************************	FLOW
	OPTIONAL STONE COMBINATION **
***************************************	1.0 1.5

Source: Adapted from VDOT Standard Sheets and Va. DSWC

CONSERVATION SERVICE FOR GOOCHLAND COUNTY, VIRGINIA.

Ш-9

DESIGNED BY: WAB DRAWN BY: BDF CHECKED BY: WAB J. N.: 309-01-100 CAD FILE: Midpoint Ova BMP

NOTES &

DETAILS

DATE: APRIL 5, 2009

REVISIONS

SHEET 6 OF 6